# City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2023

ANNUAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2025







April 25, 2024

Board of Trustees City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Boynton Beach, Florida

Re: City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund Actuarial Valuation as of October 1, 2023 and Actuarial Disclosures

**Dear Board Members:** 

The results of the October 1, 2023 Annual Actuarial Valuation of the City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund are presented in this report.

This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Retirement System and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the System only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The purposes of the valuation are to measure the System's funding progress, to determine the employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025, and to determine the actuarial information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67. This report also includes estimated GASB Statement No. 67 information for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024. This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of financial results associated with the benefits described in this report, for purposes other than those identified above may be significantly different.

The contribution rate in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in Section B of this report. This report includes risk metrics in Section A, but does include a robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. A robust assessment of risks was outside the scope of this assignment.

This valuation assumed the continuing ability of the plan sponsor to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The findings in this report are based on data and other information through September 30, 2023. The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Plan Administrator concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal reasonability and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the Plan Administrator.

This report was prepared using certain assumptions approved by the Board and prescribed by the Florida Statutes as described in the section of this report entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Methods. The prescribed assumptions are the assumed mortality rates detailed in the Actuarial Assumptions and Cost

Board of Trustees City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund April 25, 2024 Page 2

Methods section in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 112.63. All actuarial assumptions used in this report are reasonable for purposes of this valuation. The combined effect of the assumptions, excluding prescribed assumptions or methods set by law, is expected to have no significant bias (i.e. not significantly optimistic or pessimistic). All actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation follow the guidance in the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. Additional information about the actuarial assumptions is included in the section of this report entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Methods.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which in our professional judgment has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund as of the valuation date. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Peter N. Strong and Jeffrey Amrose actuaries are members of the American Academy of Actuaries. These actuaries meet the Academy's Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

This actuarial valuation and/or cost determination was prepared and completed by us or under our direct supervision, and we acknowledge responsibility for the results. To the best of our knowledge, the results are complete and accurate. In our opinion, the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable, meet the requirements and intent of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, and are based on generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. There is no benefit or expense to be provided by the plan and/or paid from the plan's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation. All known events or trends which may require a material increase in plan costs or required contribution rates have been taken into account in the valuation.

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company will be pleased to review this valuation report with the Board of Trustees and to answer any questions pertaining to the valuation.

Respectfully submitted,

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

Peter N. Strong, (\$\frac{4}{9}\)A, MAAA, FCA Enrolled Actuary No. 23-06975 Jeffrey/Amrose, MAAA, FCA Enrolled Actuary No. 23-06599



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DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS

#### **DISCUSSION OF VALUATION RESULTS**

#### **Comparison of Required Employer Contributions**

A comparison of the required employer contribution developed in this and the last actuarial valuation is shown below. The required contribution dollar amounts shown below are estimates only. The contribution policy of the City is to contribute the dollar amount determined by multiplying the required percentage of payroll determined as of the valuation date by the projected pensionable payroll for the year.

	For FYE 9/30/25 Based on 10/1/2023 Valuation if contributed on 10/1/2024		Based on Based on 10/1/2023 Valuation if contributed on if contributed on		Increase (Decrease)
Required Employer/State Contribution As % of Covered Payroll	\$	7,801,534 53.21 %	\$ 7,164,753 54.14 %	\$ 636,781 (0.93) %	
State Contribution Allocated (Including Amounts from State contribution reserve) As % of Covered Payroll	\$	943,466 * 6.43 %	\$ 943,466 7.13 %	\$ 0 (0.70) %	
Net Required Employer (City) Contribution As % of Covered Payroll	\$	6,858,068 46.78 %	\$ 6,221,287 47.01 %	\$ 636,781 (0.23) %	

<sup>\*</sup>To be updated after completion of the 2025 COLA Cost Reevaluation Study.

The required employer contribution has been computed under the assumption that the amount to be allocated from current and prior excess State money this year and next year will be \$943,466. Please note that the actual amount of State money to be used towards the FY 2025 contribution will be updated in the 2025 COLA Cost Reevaluation Study. If the actual amount received by the State is lower than this amount, the shortfall may be made up by using the Accumulated Excess Premium Tax Revenue currently being held in reserve (this amount is \$2,350,665 as of October 1, 2023).

The employer contribution listed above is for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2025 and has been calculated as though payment is made in a single lump sum on October 1, 2024. The total minimum required employer contribution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 was \$6,647,312. The actual employer contribution during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 was \$6,647,312.

#### **Revisions in Benefits**

There have been no changes in benefits since the prior valuation.



#### **Revisions in Actuarial Assumptions or Methods**

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions or methods since the prior valuation.

#### **Actuarial Experience**

There was a net actuarial experience loss of \$5,087,936 for the year, which means that overall actual experience was less favorable than expected. The actuarial loss is primarily due to lower than expected investment returns on the actuarial value of assets. The net investment return on the actuarial value of assets was 5.38% versus an assumed return of 7.15%. The net investment return on the market value of assets was 9.25%, but the average return over the past 5 years was 5.4%. There were also losses due to higher than expected salary increases (10.1% actual versus 7.6% expected), slightly more retirements than expected (10 actual versus 9 expected), fewer terminations than expected (1 actual versus 2 expected), better longevity among retirees/beneficiaries than anticipated by the mortality assumption (2 actual deaths with an annual retiree payroll reduction of \$79,739 versus an expected reduction in retiree payroll of \$109,275) and data adjustments for service purchases with deferred payment schedules.

The net actuarial loss for the year caused an increase in the annual required employer contribution of 2.30% of covered payroll, or about \$337,000.

#### **Funded Ratio**

The funded ratio was 73.7% this year compared to 74.6% last year. The funded ratio is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability.

#### **Analysis of Change in Employer Contribution**

The components of change in the required employer contribution are as follows:

Contribution Rate Last Year	47.01 %
Revision in Benefits	0.00
Experience (Gains) or Losses	2.30
Revision in Assumptions/Methods	0.00
Amortization Payment on UAAL	(1.97)
Normal Cost Rate	(1.14)
Administrative Expense	(0.12)
State Contribution	<u>0.70</u>
Contribution Rate This Year	46.78 %

Covered payroll as of October 1, 2023 was \$14,304,178 versus \$12,910,978 last year, an increase of 10.79%. Amortization payments on the unfunded liability are scheduled to increase by 2.50% per year. When covered payroll increases more than 2.50%, the amortization payment as a percentage of covered payroll will decrease. The 10.79% increase in covered payroll caused the Amortization Payment on the UAAL (expressed as a percentage of pay) to decrease by approximately 1.97% of covered payroll.



#### **Required Contributions in Later Years**

The current calculated City contribution requirement is 46.78% of payroll starting October 1, 2024. Under the asset smoothing method, market value gains and losses are recognized over five years. As of October 1, 2023, the actuarial value of assets exceeded the market value by \$13,014,747. Once all the gains and losses through September 30, 2023 have been fully recognized in the actuarial value of assets, the employer contribution rate will increase by roughly 5.89% of payroll unless there are offsetting gains.

#### **Relationship to Market Value**

If Market Value had been the basis for the valuation, the City contribution rate would have been 52.67% (a dollar amount of \$7,721,647) and the funded ratio would have been 66.6%. The funded ratio on a market value basis was 64.6% last year.

#### 13th Check Provision

The Plan provides for a 13<sup>th</sup> check if there is a net actuarial gain for the previous year. The Plan experienced a loss during the prior plan year and the cumulative balance of actuarial gains and losses is negative (a net loss), so no funds are available to provide 13<sup>th</sup> checks in 2023.

#### **Conclusion**

The funded ratio is 73.7% this year (66.6% on a market value basis), whereas it was over 100% in the year 2000. Steps have been taken in recent years to address this issue, such as strengthening the actuarial assumptions, including lowering the investment return assumption from 8.5% to 7.15% over time, applying an additional \$1,150,000 towards the unfunded liability, and reducing the amortization period in the amortization of the unfunded liability to a maximum of 25 years.

The remainder of this Report includes detailed actuarial valuation results, financial information, miscellaneous information and statistics, and a summary of plan provisions.



## RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE MEASURING THE ACCRUED LIABILITY AND ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION

The determination of the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

- 1. Investment risk actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
- Contribution risk actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
- 3. Salary and Payroll risk actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
- 4. Longevity risk members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed; and
- 5. Other demographic risks members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example, if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise, if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.

The computed contribution rate shown on page 1 may be considered as a minimum contribution rate that complies with the Board's funding policy. The timely receipt of the actuarially determined contributions is critical to support the financial health of the plan. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the actuarially determined rate do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.

#### **PLAN MATURITY MEASURES**

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status



and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following:

	2023	2022
Ratio of the market value of assets to payroll	8.62	8.73
Ratio of actuarial accrued liability to payroll	12.94	13.52
Ratio of actives to retirees and beneficiaries	0.92	0.88
Ratio of net cash flow to market value of assets	0.7%	0.1%

#### RATIO OF MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS TO PAYROLL

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 2.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5% different than assumed would equal 10% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

#### RATIO OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY TO PAYROLL

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100% is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of the liability itself. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 2.5 times the payroll, a change in liability 2% other than assumed would equal 5% of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.

#### **RATIO OF ACTIVES TO RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES**

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of active to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A supermature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

#### RATIO OF NET CASH FLOW TO MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means existing funds are being used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.



#### **ADDITIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT**

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability.



#### LOW-DEFAULT-RISK OBLIGATION MEASURE

Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 4 (ASOP No. 4) was revised and reissued in December 2021 by the Actuarial Standards Board (ASB). It includes a new calculation called a low-default-risk obligation measure (LDROM) to be prepared and issued annually for defined benefit pension plans. The transmittal memorandum for ASOP No. 4 includes the following explanation:

"The ASB believes that the calculation and disclosure of this measure provides appropriate, useful information for the intended user regarding the funded status of a pension plan. The calculation and disclosure of this additional measure is not intended to suggest that this is the "right" liability measure for a pension plan. However, the ASB does believe that this additional disclosure provides a more complete assessment of a plan's funded status and provides additional information regarding the security of benefits that members have earned as of the measurement date."

The following information has been prepared in compliance with this new requirement. Unless otherwise noted, the measurement date, actuarial cost methods, and assumptions used are the same as for the funding valuation covered in this actuarial valuation report.

- A. Low-default-risk Obligation Measure of benefits earned as of the measurement date: \$256,059,529.
- B. Discount rate used to calculate the LDROM: <u>4.63% based on Fidelity's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"</u> as of September 29, 2023.
- C. Other significant assumptions that differ from those used for the funding valuation: <u>none</u>.
- D. Actuarial cost method used to calculate the LDROM: Entry Age Normal.
- E. Valuation procedures to value any significant plan provisions that are difficult to measure using traditional valuation procedures, and that differ from the procedures used in the funding valuation: none.
- F. Commentary to help the intended user understand the significance of the LDROM with respect to the funded status of the plan, plan contributions, and the security of participant benefits: <a href="The LDROM">The LDROM is a market-based measurement of the pension obligation</a>. It estimates the amount the plan would need to invest in low default risk securities. This measure may not be appropriate for assessing the need for or amount of future contributions. This measure may not be appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligation.

The difference between the two measures (Valuation and LDROM) is one illustration of the savings the sponsor anticipates by taking on the risk in a diversified portfolio.



#### **CHAPTER REVENUE**

Increments in Chapter revenue over that received in 1998 must first be used to fund the cost of compliance with minimum benefits. Once minimums are met, any subsequent additional Chapter revenue must be used to provide extra benefits.

As of the valuation date, all minimum Chapter requirements have been met.

	Actuarial Confirmation of the Use of State Chapter Money					
1.	Fire Regular Fire Supplemental Total Base Amount Previous Plan Year	\$ -	943,466 0 943,466			
2.	Fire Regular Fire Supplemental Total Amount Received for Previous Plan Year	_	1,605,002 32,866 1,637,868			
3.	Adjustment to Base Amount Due to Reevaluation of COLA cost		0			
4.	Excess Funds for Previous Plan Year		694,402			
5.	Accumulated Excess at Beginning of Previous Year		1,656,263			
6.	Prior Excess Used in Previous Plan Year		0			
7.	Accumulated Excess as of September 30, 2023 (Available for Benefit Improvements)		2,350,665			
8.	Fire Regular Fire Supplemental Base Amount This Plan Year - Fire	l	943,466 0 943,466			



## **SECTION B**

**VALUATION RESULTS** 

PARTICIPANT DATA						
	Oc	October 1, 2023		tober 1, 2022		
ACTIVE MEMBERS						
Number Covered Annual Payroll Average Annual Payroll Average Age Average Past Service Average Age at Hire	\$ \$	130 14,304,178 110,032 36.8 9.6 27.2	\$ \$	117 12,910,978 110,350 38.8 11.2 27.6		
RETIREES & BENEFICIARIES & DROP				27.0		
Number Annual Benefits Average Annual Benefit Average Age	\$ \$	137 9,032,306 65,929 62.8	\$	129 8,269,773 64,107 63.0		
DISABILITY RETIREES						
Number Annual Benefits Average Annual Benefit Average Age	\$ \$	4 197,172 49,293 51.3	\$	4 195,292 48,823 50.3		
TERMINATED VESTED MEMBERS						
Number Annual Benefits Average Annual Benefit Average Age	\$ \$	2 77,127 38,564 43.6	\$	2 77,127 38,564 42.6		



ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION (ADEC)													
A. Valuatio	n Date	October 1, 2023		October 1, 2023		October 1, 2023		October 1, 2023		October 1, 2023 Oc		October 1, 202	2
	Be Paid During ear Ending	9/	30/2025		9/30/2024	4							
C. Assumed	d Date of Employer Contrib.	10	)/1/2024		10/1/202	3							
	Payment to Amortize ed Actuarial Liability	\$ 4,	401,864		\$ 3,931,151								
E. Employe	er Normal Cost	3,	209,050		3,058,824								
F. ADEC if Date: D	Paid on the Valuation +E	7,	610,914		6,989,975								
G. ADEC Ad Paymen	ljusted for Frequency of ts	7,	610,914		6,989,975								
H. ADEC as	% of Covered Payroll		53.21	%	54.14	. %							
I. Covered	l Payroll per Valuation	14,	304,178		12,910,978								
	d Rate of Increase in Covered to Contribution Year		2.50	%	2.50	%							
K. Covered	l Payroll for Contribution Year	14,	661,782		13,233,752								
L. ADEC fo	r Contribution Year: H x K	7,	801,534		7,164,753								
Contribu	e of State Allocated Revenue in ution Year (including amounts from lated Excess Reserve)	!	943,466		943,466								
	lly Determined Employer ution (ADEC) in Contribution Year	6,	858,068		6,221,287								
	% of Covered Payroll in ution Year: N ÷ K		46.78	%	47.01	%							
Premiun	ed Amount of Accumulated Excess In Tax Revenue Used to Offset ADEC Il State Revenue = \$1,637,868)		0		0								



	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF BENEFITS AND ASSETS							
A.	Valuation Date	October 1, 2023	October 1, 2022					
В.	Actuarial Present Value of All Projected Benefits for  1. Active Members a. Service Retirement Benefits b. Vesting Benefits c. Disability Benefits d. Preretirement Death Benefits e. Return of Member Contributions f. Total	\$ 94,205,609 4,283,589 2,587,041 793,176 322,884 102,192,299	\$ 89,939,447 3,855,780 2,211,059 704,208 218,407 96,928,901					
	<ol> <li>Inactive Members         <ul> <li>Service Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</li> <li>Disability Retirees</li> <li>Terminated Vested Members</li> <li>Total</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	116,925,459 3,019,361 955,696 120,900,516	105,795,029 2,992,983 891,207 109,679,219					
	3. Total for All Members	223,092,815	206,608,120					
C.	Actuarial Accrued (Past Service) Liability	185,149,045	174,533,538					
D.	Actuarial Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits per FASB No. 35	173,842,455	163,053,880					
E.	Plan Assets 1. Market Value 2. Actuarial Value	123,369,026 136,383,773	112,665,943 130,237,341					
F.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability: C-E2	48,765,272	44,296,197					
G.	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Covered Payroll	122,869,226	99,108,201					
Н.	Actuarial Present Value of Projected Member Contributions	14,744,307	11,892,985					
I.	Accumulated Value of Member Contributions	11,957,960	12,247,651					
J.	Funded Ratio: E2/C	73.7%	74.6%					



	ENTRY AGE NORMAL METHOD CALCULATION OF EMPLOYER NORMAL COST							
A.	. Valuation Date		October 1, 2023		ober 1, 2022			
В.	Normal Cost for							
	<ol> <li>Service Retirement Benefits</li> <li>Vesting Benefits</li> <li>Disability Benefits</li> <li>Preretirement Death Benefits</li> <li>Return of Member Contributions</li> <li>Total for Future Benefits</li> <li>Assumed Amount for Administrative Expenses</li> <li>Total Normal Cost</li> </ol>	\$	4,088,340 304,703 224,500 48,481 71,335 4,737,359 188,192 4,925,551	\$	3,826,584 284,404 205,767 44,363 61,868 4,422,986 185,155 4,608,141			
C.	Expected Member Contribution		1,716,501		1,549,317			
D.	Employer Normal Cost: B8-C Employer Normal Cost as a % of Covered Payroll		3,209,050 22.43%		3,058,824 23.69%			



## LIQUIDATION OF THE UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

A. UAAL Amortization Period and Payments							
	Original UAAL		Current UAAL				
	Amortization						
Date	Period		Years				
Established	(Years)	Amount	Remaining	Amount	Payment		
10/1/1997	30	\$ 1,201,102	4	\$ 615,966	\$ 164,386		
10/1/1999	30	613,865	6	451,761	83,885		
10/1/2000	30	(1,240,378)	7	(981,941)	(159,619)		
10/1/2001	30	857,564	8	744,892	108,193		
10/1/2003	30	4,337,161	10	4,339,873	525,610		
10/1/2004	30	4,373,725	11	4,570,283	513,601		
10/1/2005	30	(1,004,416)	12	(1,088,245)	(114,404)		
10/1/2005	30	3,040,117	12	3,293,854	346,272		
10/1/2006	30	2,426,747	13	2,692,941	266,640		
10/1/2006	30	1,889,229	13	2,096,464	207,580		
10/1/2007	30	(12,675)	14	(14,242)	(1,336)		
10/1/2007	30	(1,424,046)	14	(1,602,624)	(150,323)		
10/1/2008	30	4,046,900	15	4,600,247	410,789		
10/1/2009	30	3,681,910	16	4,209,301	359,383		
10/1/2010	30	1,249,043	17	1,431,775	117,317		
10/1/2010	30	2,256,012	17	2,586,064	211,898		
10/1/2010	30	(43,572)	17	(49,946)	(4,092)		
10/1/2011	30	1,378,822	18	1,568,868	123,780		
10/1/2011	30	3,739,943	18	4,255,434	335,743		
10/1/2012	30	1,446,560	19	1,605,421	122,321		
10/1/2012	30	(161,237)	19	(178,944)	(13,634)		
10/1/2013	30	199,486	20	220,916	16,298		
10/1/2013	30	818,309	20	906,211	66,854		
10/1/2013	30	3,401,164	20	3,766,513	277,868		
10/1/2014	30	(408,227)	20	(442,597)	(32,652)		
10/1/2014	30	1,753,497	20	1,901,132	140,253		
10/1/2015	30	(209,489)	20	(222,343)	(16,403)		
10/1/2016	30	(1,022,696)	20	(1,063,395)	(78,450)		
10/1/2016	30	5,982,170	20	6,220,226	458,886		
10/1/2017	30	(691,612)	20	(700,152)	(51,652)		
10/1/2018	30	(2,764,199)	20	(2,765,598)	(204,027)		
10/1/2018	30	(1,216,631)	20	(1,217,247)	(89,800)		
10/1/2019	25	2,636,284	21	2,675,320	191,549		
10/1/2019	25	523,444	21	531,194	38,033		
10/1/2020	25	(3,706,058)	22	(3,743,949)	(260,708)		
10/1/2020	25	603,911	22	610,084	42,483		
10/1/2021	25	(4,446,752)	23	(4,484,795)	(304,312)		
10/1/2021	25	3,798,579	23	3,831,078	259,955		
10/1/2021	25	(1,137,446)	23	(1,147,178)	(77,841)		
10/1/2022	25	3,621,631	24	3,654,714	242,068		
10/1/2023	25	5,087,936	25	5,087,936	329,472		
		\$ 45,475,677		\$ 48,765,272	\$ 4,401,864		



#### B. Amortization Schedule

The UAAL is being amortized as a level percent of payroll over the number of years remaining in the amortization period. The expected amortization schedule is as follows:

Amortization Schedule						
Year	Expected UAAL					
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 48,765,272 47,535,414 46,099,683 44,440,434 42,538,667					
2028 2033 2038 2043 2048	40,568,366 26,361,659 12,404,930 3,062,874					



#### **ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES**

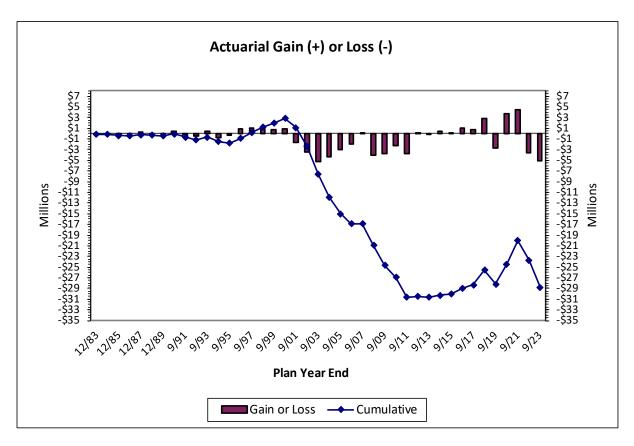
The assumptions used to anticipate mortality, employment turnover, investment income, expenses, salary increases, and other factors have been based on long range trends and expectations. Actual experience can vary from these expectations. The variance is measured by the gain and loss for the period involved. If significant long-term experience reveals consistent deviation from what has been expected and that deviation is expected to continue, the assumptions should be modified. The net actuarial gain (loss) for the past year is computed as follows:

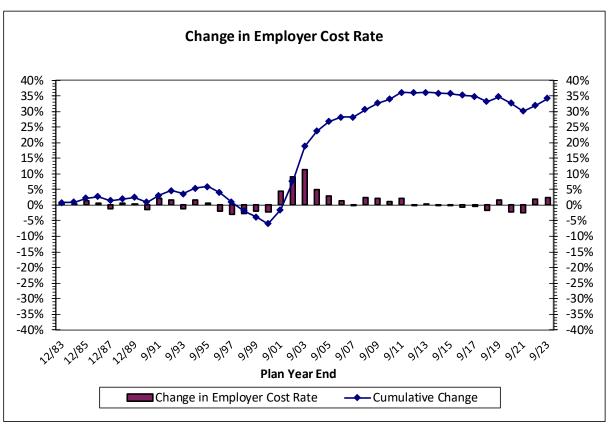
A. Derivation of the Current UAAL		
1. Last Year's UAAL	\$	44,296,197
2. Last Year's Employer Normal Cost		3,058,824
3. Last Year's Contributions		6,647,312
4. Interest at the Assumed Rate on:		
a. 1 and 2 for one year		3,385,884
b. 3 from dates paid	_	416,257
c. a - b		2,969,627
5. This Year's Expected UAAL:		
1 + 2 - 3 + 4c		43,677,336
6. This Year's Actual UAAL (Before any		
changes in benefits and/or assumptions)		48,765,272
7. Net Actuarial Gain (Loss): (5) - (6)		(5,087,936)
8. Gain (Loss) due to investments		(2,821,953)
9. Gain (Loss) due to other sources		(2,265,983)



	Change in Employer	
Year Ended	Cost Rate	Gain (Loss)
12/31/83	0.77 %	\$ (111,129)
12/31/84	0.13	(20,619)
12/31/85	1.27	(227,011)
12/31/86	0.50	(99,006)
12/31/87	(1.18)	279,837
12/31/88	0.52	(128,401)
12/31/89	0.41	(106,588)
9/30/90	(1.42)	371,790
9/30/91	2.09	(638,650)
9/30/92	1.61	(476,505)
9/30/93	(1.07)	483,965
9/30/94	1.76	(800,443)
9/30/95	0.56	(270,698)
9/30/96	(1.95)	895,789
9/30/97	(3.08)	1,049,747
9/30/98	(2.78)	1,020,121
9/30/99	(1.89)	722,161
9/30/00	(2.21)	891,463
9/30/01	4.44	(1,682,484)
9/30/02	9.11	(3,495,525)
9/30/03	11.31	(5,238,993)
9/30/04	4.88	(4,373,725)
9/30/05	3.04	(3,040,117)
9/30/06	1.44	(1,889,229)
9/30/07	(0.01)	12,675
9/30/08	2.33	(4,056,993)
9/30/09	2.16	(3,681,910)
9/30/10	1.25	(2,256,012)
9/30/11	2.12	(3,739,943)
9/30/12	(0.09)	161,237
9/30/13	0.12	(199,486)
9/30/14	(0.22)	408,227
9/30/15	(0.11)	209,489
9/30/16	(0.57)	1,022,696
9/30/17	(0.37)	691,612
9/30/18	(1.62)	2,764,199
9/30/19	1.53	(2,636,284)
9/30/20	(2.14)	3,706,058
9/30/21	(2.50)	4,446,752
9/30/22	1.82	(3,621,631)
9/30/23	2.30	(5,087,936)









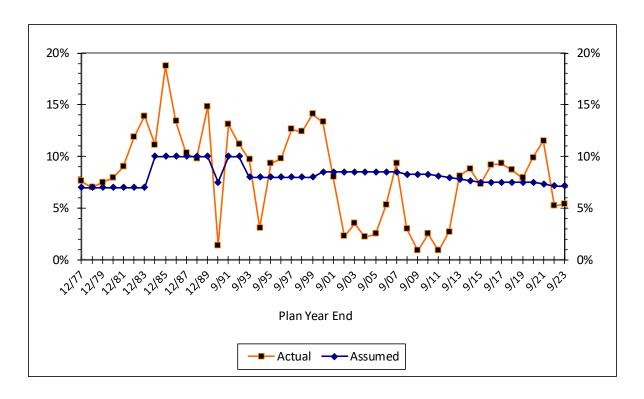
The fund earnings and salary increase assumptions have considerable impact on the cost of the Plan so it is important that they are in line with the actual experience. The following table shows the actual fund earnings and salary increase rates compared to the assumed rates for the last few years:

	Investme	nt Return	Salary	Increases
Year Ending	Actual	Assumed	Actual	Assumed
12/31/1977	7.6 %	7.0 %		10.3 %
12/31/1978	7.0	7.0	21.3 %	(2 years)
12/31/1979	7.5	7.0		10.3
12/31/1980	7.9	7.0	19.0	(2 years)
12/31/1981	9.0	7.0	30.5	7.0
12/31/1982	11.9	7.0	11.0	7.0
12/31/1983	13.9	7.0	6.4	7.0
12/31/1984	11.1	10.0	8.8	10.0
12/31/1985	18.7	10.0	14.5	10.0
12/31/1986	13.4	10.0	11.4	10.0
12/31/1987	10.3	10.0	19.7	10.0
12/31/1988	9.8	10.0	6.1	10.0
12/31/1989	14.8	10.0	12.8	10.0
9/30/1990 (9 mos.) 9/30/1991	1.4 13.1	7.5 10.0	6.7 8.0	7.5 10.0
9/30/1992	11.2	10.0	4.9	10.0
9/30/1993	9.7	8.0	4.9	6.5
9/30/1994	3.1	8.0	2.0	6.5
9/30/1995	9.3	8.0	10.3	6.5
9/30/1996	9.8	8.0	(0.2)	6.5
9/30/1997	12.6	8.0	5.9	6.5
9/30/1998	12.4	8.0	6.1	6.5
9/30/1999	14.1	8.0	13.3	6.5
9/30/2000	13.3	8.5	10.3	6.5
9/30/2001	8.0	8.5	4.8	6.5
9/30/2002	2.3	8.5	12.1	6.5
9/30/2003	3.5	8.5	10.0	6.5
9/30/2004	2.2	8.5	11.0	6.5
9/30/2005	2.5	8.5	11.7	6.5
9/30/2006	5.3	8.5	13.3	9.2
9/30/2007	9.3	8.50	9.2	8.9
9/30/2008	3.0	8.25	13.6	8.9
9/30/2009	0.9	8.25	7.6	8.9
9/30/2010	2.5	8.25	1.8	8.9
9/30/2011	0.9	8.10	3.7	8.1
9/30/2012	2.7	7.95	(2.8)	7.1
9/30/2013	8.1	7.80	1.9	8.7
9/30/2014	8.8	7.65	7.2	6.0
9/30/2015	7.3	7.50	4.9	6.2
9/30/2016	9.2	7.50	6.3	5.9
9/30/2017	9.3	7.50	8.4	6.3
9/30/2018	8.7	7.50	4.2	6.1
9/30/2019	7.9	7.50	14.9	6.7
9/30/2020 9/30/2021	9.9 11.5	7.50 7.35	2.5 9.2	7.1 6.9
9/30/2022 9/30/2023	5.2 5.4	7.15 7.15	10.0 10.1	7.5 7.6
9/30/2023 Averages	8.2 %	7.15	8.6 %	7.6
Averages	8.2 %		8.0 %	

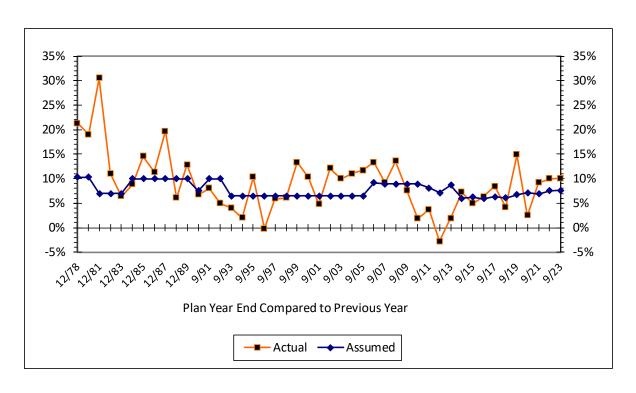
The actual investment return rates shown above are based on the actuarial value of assets. The actual salary increase rates shown above are the increases received by those active members who were included in the actuarial valuations both at the beginning and the end of each year.



### **History of Investment Return Based on Actuarial Value of Assets**



#### **History of Salary Increases**





## Actual (A) Compared to Expected (E) Decrements Among Active Employees

Year	Nun Add Dui Ye	ring	Servi DR Retire			bility ement	Dea	ath	Vested	Termina Other		tals	Active Members End of
Ended	Α	E	Α	E	Α	E	Α	Е	Α	Α	Α	E	Year
9/30/2002	1	10	6	5	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	3	83
9/30/2003	15	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	97
9/30/2004	22	14	13	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	105
9/30/2005	1	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	102
9/30/2006	19	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	118
9/30/2007	5	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	4	119
9/30/2008	5	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	123
9/30/2009	1	6	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	118
9/30/2010	11	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	125
9/30/2011	0	11	10	8	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	114
9/30/2012	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	115
9/30/2013	10	7	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	118
9/30/2014	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	119
9/30/2015	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	118
9/30/2016	11	7	4	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	122
9/30/2017	10	8	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	2	124
9/30/2018	1	12	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	113
9/30/2019	8	6	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	115
9/30/2020	14	10	2	1	2	0	1	0	1	4	5	2	119
9/30/2021	0	8	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	111
9/30/2022	9	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	117
9/30/2023	24	11	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	130
9/30/2024				3		0		0				3	
22 Yr Totals *	174	136	92	75	4	0	1	0	8	31	39	65	

<sup>\*</sup> Totals are through current Plan Year only.



### **Cumulative Actuarial Gains (Losses)**

The Plan provides for a 13<sup>th</sup> check if there is a net actuarial gain for the previous year. However, there is a limitation on 13<sup>th</sup> checks tied to actuarial gains provided in Chapter 112.61, Florida Statutes. The cumulative amount used to pay for 13<sup>th</sup> checks may not exceed the cumulative amount of actuarial gains. Since there was an actuarial loss during the prior plan year and the cumulative amount of gains is negative (a net loss), no 13<sup>th</sup> check is payable.

	Cumulativ	e Actuarial Gains	(Losses)	
Year Ending 9/30	Balance at Beginning of Year	Gain (Loss) for Year	13th Check	Balance at End of Year
		, ,	13th Check  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
2018 2019 2020	(28,384,282) (31,020,566)	(2,636,284) 3,706,058	0	(31,020,566) (27,314,508)
2021 2022 2023	(27,314,508) (22,867,756) (26,489,387)	4,446,752 (3,621,631) (5,087,936)	0 0 0	(22,867,756) (26,489,387) (31,577,323)



RECENT HISTORY OF VALUATION RESULTS									
	Num	ber of						Employer N	ormal Cost
Valuation Date	Active Members	Inactive Members	Covered Annual Payroll	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UFAAL)	Funded Ratio	Amount	% of Payroll
10/1/96	90	22	\$ 4,695,354	\$ 19,269,217	\$ 20,604,396	\$ 1,335,179	93.5 %	\$ 527,257	11.23 %
10/1/97	88	39	4,238,988	22,220,848	23,723,850	1,503,002	93.7	361,957	8.54
10/1/98	90	39	4,543,670	24,978,058	25,301,177	323,119	98.7	258,961	5.70
10/1/99	92	40	5,083,063	28,290,983	28,286,754	(4,229)	100.0	217,814	4.29
10/1/00	90	46	5,305,002	31,629,211	29,402,853	(2,226,358)	107.6	72,822	1.37
10/1/01	92	53	5,201,958	33,397,848	34,916,820	1,518,972	95.6	475,187	9.13
10/1/02	83	60	5,143,446	33,877,028	39,432,154	5,555,126	85.9	956,733	18.60
10/1/03	97	60	6,079,095	34,694,072	42,431,717	7,737,645	81.8	979,363	16.11
10/1/04	105	73	6,135,813	35,118,847	47,240,329	12,121,482	74.3	995,918	16.23
10/1/05	102	75	6,763,318	35,386,328	49,620,257	14,233,929	71.3	1,186,288	17.54
10/1/06	118	75	8,152,400	36,863,141	55,565,182	18,702,041	66.3	1,256,931	15.42
10/1/07	119	76	8,806,744	43,503,237	61,054,498	17,551,261	71.3	1,490,649	16.93
10/1/08	123	77	10,130,185	45,330,615	67,141,898	21,811,283	67.5	1,711,705	16.90
10/1/09	118	82	10,350,054	46,448,767	72,211,379	25,762,612	64.3	1,724,525	16.66
10/1/10	125	84	10,506,008	48,521,964	78,046,241	29,524,277	62.2	1,831,347	17.43
10/1/11	114	93	9,781,772	49,140,415	84,384,761	35,244,346	58.2	1,793,275	18.33
10/1/12	115	94	9,375,520	50,548,749	88,420,130	37,871,381	57.2	1,787,181	19.06
10/1/13	118	100	9,128,801	55,474,480	98,003,969	42,529,489	56.6	1,772,505	19.42
10/1/14	119	99	9,823,480	60,766,720	105,309,014	44,542,294	57.7	2,014,298	20.50
10/1/15	118	101	10,221,317	66,257,757	110,826,525	44,568,768	59.8	2,105,539	20.60
10/1/16	122	107	10,684,549	74,236,519	123,821,633	49,585,114	60.0	2,394,174	22.41
10/1/17	124	112	11,282,228	82,643,710	132,091,634	49,447,924	62.6	2,519,728	22.33
10/1/18	113	121	10,393,865	91,627,599	136,944,352	45,316,753	66.9	2,230,990	21.46
10/1/19	115	124	11,504,436	99,976,001	147,354,005	47,378,004	67.8	2,426,234	21.09
10/1/20	119	129	11,598,751	110,401,014	154,416,171	44,015,157	71.5	2,774,279	23.92
10/1/21	111	135	11,710,333	124,219,104	165,859,093	41,639,989	74.9	2,871,697	24.52
10/1/22	117	135	12,910,978	130,237,341	174,533,538	44,296,197	74.6	3,058,824	23.69
10/1/23	130	143	14,304,178	136,383,773	185,149,045	48,765,272	73.7	3,209,050	22.43



	RECENT HISTORY OF REQUIRED AND ACTUAL CONTRIBUTIONS									
	End of			Required Con	tributions					
Valuation	Year To Which	Employer 8	& State	Estimated S	tate	Net Empl	oyer	Į.	Actual Contributi	ons
valuation	Valuation Applies	Amount	% of Payroll	Amount	% of Payroll	Amount	% of Payroll	Employer	State	Total
10/1/96	9/30/97	\$ 776,723	16.54 %	\$ 285,443	6.08 %	\$ 491,280	10.46 %		\$ 353,826	\$ 776,724
10/1/97	9/30/98	710,387	16.76	349,086	8.24	361,301	8.52	349,375	361,012	710,387
10/1/98	9/30/99	597,198	13.14	351,241	7.73	245,957	5.41	245,957	361,012	606,969
10/1/99	9/30/00	512,235	10.08	351,241	6.91	160,994	3.17	80,559	365,934	446,493
10/1/00	9/30/01	292,146	5.51	365,934	6.90	0	0.00	0	365,715	365,715
10/1/01	9/30/02	825,167	15.86	384,640	7.39	440,527	8.47	361,877	463,290	825,167
10/1/02	9/30/03	1,359,690	26.44	463,290	9.01	896,400	17.43	922,724	499,520	1,422,244
10/1/03	9/30/04	1,655,219	27.23	499,520	8.22	1,155,699	19.01	1,155,699	549,804	1,705,503
10/1/04	9/30/05	1,988,852	32.41	549,804	8.96	1,439,048	23.45	1,439,048	589,543	2,028,591
10/1/05	9/30/06	2,339,568	34.59	589,543	8.72	1,750,025	25.87	1,750,025	589,543	2,339,568
10/1/06	9/30/07	2,664,373	32.68	589,543	7.23	2,074,830	25.45	2,074,830	589,543	2,664,373
10/1/07	9/30/08	2,845,292	32.31	589,543	6.70	2,255,749	25.61	2,255,749	589,543	2,845,292
10/1/08	9/30/09	3,380,771	33.37	579,772	5.73	2,800,384	27.64	2,800,384	579,772	3,380,156
10/1/09	9/30/10	3,678,119	35.54	589,543	5.60	3,088,576	29.94	3,098,347	633,115	3,731,462
10/1/09	9/30/11	3,606,278	34.04	633,115	5.98	2,973,163	28.06	3,026,506	623,344	3,649,850
10/1/10	9/30/12	3,771,466	35.16	623,344	5.81	3,148,122	29.35	3,148,122	623,344	3,771,466
10/1/11	9/30/13	4,272,215	40.87	704,322	6.74	3,567,893	34.13	3,648,871	704,322	4,353,193
10/1/12	9/30/14	4,226,469	44.58	704,322	7.43	3,522,147	37.15	3,522,147	704,322	4,226,469
10/1/13	9/30/15	4,635,318	48.78	704,322	7.41	3,930,996	41.37	3,930,996	704,322	4,635,318
10/1/14	9/30/16	4,856,683	49.44	781,954	7.96	4,074,729	41.48	4,117,788	781,954	4,899,742
10/1/15	9/30/17	5,075,517	49.10	781,954	7.56	4,293,563	41.54	4,293,563	781,954	5,075,517
10/1/16	9/30/18	6,157,171	56.09	781,954	7.12	5,375,217	48.97	5,375,217	781,954	6,157,171
10/1/17	9/30/19	6,409,551	55.42	1,062,385 *	9.19	5,347,166	46.23	5,347,166	1,062,385	6,409,551
10/1/18	9/30/20	5,969,275	56.03	1,062,385 *	9.97	4,906,890	46.06	4,906,890	1,062,385	5,969,275
10/1/19	9/30/21	6,400,723	54.28	1,062,385 *	9.01	5,338,338	45.27	5,338,338	1,062,385	6,400,723
10/1/20	9/30/22	6,607,751	55.58	1,068,298 *	8.99	5,539,453	46.59	5,545,366	1,068,298	6,613,664
10/1/21	9/30/23	6,647,312	55.38	943,466 *	7.86	5,703,846	47.52	5,703,846	943,466	6,647,312
10/1/22	9/30/24	7,164,753	54.14	943,466 *	7.13	6,221,287	47.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
10/1/23	9/30/25	7,801,534	53.21	943,466 **	6.43	6,858,068 **	46.78	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Including amount allocated from Accumulated Excess State Contribution Reserve.

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be updated after the 2025 COLA Cost Reevaluation Study.



#### **ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD**

**Actuarial Cost Method** - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using an **Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method** having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains/(losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities** - Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized by level (principal & interest combined) percent-of-payroll contributions over a reasonable period of future years.

**Actuarial Value of Assets** - The Actuarial Value of Assets phases in the difference between the actual and expected investment earnings over a period of 5 years. The Actuarial Value of Assets will be further adjusted to the extent necessary to fall within the corridor whose lower limit is 80% of the Market Value of plan assets and whose upper limit is 120% of the Market Value of plan assets. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be less than Market Value. During periods when investment performance is less than assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be greater than Market Value.

#### **Valuation Assumptions**

**The actuarial assumptions used** in the valuation are shown in this Section.

#### **Economic Assumptions**

**The investment return rate** assumed in the valuation is 7.15% per year, compounded annually (net after investment expenses).

The **Wage Inflation Rate** assumed in this valuation is 3.25% per year. The Wage Inflation Rate is defined to be the portion of total pay increases for an individual that are due to macroeconomic forces including productivity, price inflation, and labor market conditions. The wage inflation rate does not include pay changes related to individual merit and seniority effects.

The **Price Inflation Rate** assumed in this valuation is 2.25% per year.

The assumed **real rate of return** over price inflation is defined to be the portion of total investment return that is more than the assumed inflation rate. Considering other economic assumptions, the 7.15% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return over price inflation of 4.90%.



The active member population is assumed to remain constant. For purposes of financing the unfunded liabilities, total payroll is assumed to grow at 2.50% per year.

**Pay increase assumptions** for individual active members are shown below. Part of the assumption for each age is for merit and/or seniority increase, and the other 3.25% recognizes wage inflation, including price inflation, productivity increases, and other macroeconomic forces.

**The rates of salary increase** used for individual members are in accordance with the following table below and are based on the Experience Study dated October 29, 2020. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which benefits will be based.

·	% Increase in Salary				
Years of	Merit and	Wage			
Service	Seniority	Inflation	Total Increase		
1 - 2	11.75%	3.25%	15.00%		
3 - 5	6.75%	3.25%	10.00%		
6 - 8	2.25%	3.25%	5.50%		
9 - 11	1.25%	3.25%	4.50%		
12 - 14	2.75%	3.25%	6.00%		
15 - 16	3.50%	3.25%	6.75%		
17 - 20	5.00%	3.25%	8.25%		
21+	0.00%	3.25%	3.25%		

#### **Demographic Assumptions**

The mortality table is the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Employee Mortality Table (for preretirement mortality) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for postretirement mortality), with separate rates for males and females and ages set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. For males, the base mortality rates for both pre-retirement and postretirement mortality are based on the Below Median Healthy tables. These are the same rates currently in use for Special Risk class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.

FRS Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality for Special Risk Class Members

Sample	<b>Probability of</b>		Future Life		
Attained	Dying Ne	xt Year	Expectanc	y (years)	
Ages (in 2023)	Men	Women	Men	Women	
50	0.42 %	0.20 %	32.69	36.52	
55	0.55	0.35	27.91	31.48	
60	0.91	0.60	23.31	26.68	
65	1.31	0.92	19.03	22.15	
70	2.07	1.43	14.99	17.88	
75	3.49	2.38	11.38	13.95	
80	6.19	4.08	8.29	10.46	

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.



FRS Healthy Pre-Retirement Mortality for Special Risk Class Members

Sample	Probabil	ity of	Future Life		
Attained	Dying Nex	xt Year	Expectanc	y (years)	
Ages (in 2023)	Men	Women	Men	Women	
50	0.16 %	0.10 %	35.82	39.73	
55	0.25	0.16	30.74	34.59	
60	0.42	0.22	25.78	29.51	
65	0.68	0.30	21.00	24.49	
70	1.17	0.54	16.46	19.58	
75	2.05	1.05	12.21	14.87	
80	6.19	4.08	8.29	10.46	

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of active members dying prior to retirement.

For disabled retirees, the mortality table is the 80% of the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted General Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, and 20% of the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, both with separate rates for males and females, with no provision being made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates currently in use for Special Risk class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.

**FRS Disabled Mortality for Special Risk Class Members** 

Sample Attained	Probabil Dying Ne	-	Future Life Expectancy (years)		
Ages (in 2023)	Men	Women	Men	Women	
50	1.45 %	1.25 %	24.04	26.84	
55	1.91	1.50	20.88	23.54	
60	2.37	1.81	17.92	20.32	
65	3.00	2.22	15.07	17.17	
70	3.91	2.90	12.39	14.10	
75	5.30	4.13	9.87	11.22	
80	7.66	6.21	7.60	8.67	

**The rates of retirement** used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows and are based on the Experience Study dated October 29, 2020.

	Retirement Rates						
S	Age						
е		<50	50 - 54	55	56 - 59	60+	
r	10 - 19	N/A	5.0%	80.0%	80.0%	100.0%	
V	20 - 21	60.0%	90.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
i	22 - 24	80.0%	90.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
С	25+	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
е							



**Rates of separation from active membership** were as shown below (rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability) and are based on the Experience Study dated October 29, 2020. This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment.

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year
20	5.0 %
25	5.0
30	3.0
35	1.0
40	1.0
45	2.0
50	2.0
55	0.0

Rates of disability among active members (85% of disabilities are assumed to be service-connected).

Sample	% Becoming Disabled
Ages	within Next Year
20	0.09 %
25	0.10
30	0.12
35	0.15
40	0.20
45	0.34
50	0.67
55	1.03



#### **Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions**

Administrative & Investment

**Expenses** 

The investment return assumption is intended to be the return net of investment expenses. Annual administrative expenses are assumed to be equal to the average of the prior two years' expenses. Assumed administrative expenses are added to the Normal Cost.

Benefit Service Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit

payable.

**Cost of Living Increases**Benefits are assumed to be increased by 2% per year beginning six years,

on average, after benefit commencement (DROP  $\operatorname{Entry}$ ) for current and

future DROP participants, and beginning five years after benefit

commencement for all other members who retire on or after December

1, 2006.

**Decrement Operation** Disability and mortality decrements operate during retirement eligibility.

**Decrement Timing** Decrements of all types are assumed to occur at the beginning of the

year.

Eligibility Testing Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest

birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is

assumed to occur.

For vested separations from service, it is assumed that 0% of members

separating will withdraw their contributions and forfeit an employer financed benefit. It was further assumed that the liability at termination is the greater of the vested deferred benefit (if any) or the member's

accumulated contributions.

Incidence of Contributions The employer contribution is assumed to be made in one full payment

on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year (at the beginning of the fiscal year). Member contributions are assumed to be received continuously

throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions

are made.

Liability Load Projected retirement benefits are loaded by a unique amount for each

member to allow for the inclusion of unused sick and vacation pay in final average earnings. These individual loads are based on the number of hours of unused sick and vacation reported for each member as of

September 27, 2013.

Marriage Assumption 100% of males and 100% of females are assumed to be married for

purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses for active member valuation

purposes.



Normal Form of Benefit A ten year certain and life thereafter annuity is the Normal Form of

Benefit.

**Pay Increase Timing** Beginning of fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported

pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the

valuation date.

Service Credit Accruals It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.



## **GLOSSARY**

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

**Actuarial Assumptions** 

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

**Actuarial Cost Method** 

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Actuarial Equivalent** 

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV)

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits (APVFB)

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

**Actuarial Valuation** 

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB.

**Actuarial Value of Assets** 

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined employer contribution (ADEC).



Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC) The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB. The ADEC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

**Amortization Method** 

A method for determining the Amortization Payment. The most common methods used are level dollar and level percentage of payroll. Under the Level Dollar method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of payments, all equal, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.

**Amortization Payment** 

That portion of the plan contribution or ADEC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**Amortization Period** 

The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

**Closed Amortization Period** 

A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.

**Employer Normal Cost** 

The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

Equivalent Single
Amortization Period

For plans that do not establish separate amortization bases (separate components of the UAAL), this is the same as the Amortization Period. For plans that do establish separate amortization bases, this is the period over which the UAAL would be amortized if all amortization bases were combined upon the current UAAL payment.

Experience Gain/Loss

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.



**Funded Ratio** The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

**GASB** Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 67 These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

**Normal Cost** The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current

plan year.

*Open Amortization Period* An open amortization period is one which is used to determine the

Amortization Payment but which does not change over time. In other words, if the initial period is set as 30 years, the same 30-year period is used in determining the Amortization Period each year. In theory, if an Open Amortization Period is used to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the UAAL will never completely disappear, but will become smaller each year, either as a dollar amount or in relation to

covered payroll.

**Unfunded Actuarial Accrued** 

Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial

Value of Assets.

Valuation Date The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are

determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted

to this date.





**PENSION FUND INFORMATION** 

# **SUMMARY OF ASSETS**

		September 30					
	Item		2023		2022		
A.	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Operating Cash)	\$	1,414	\$	217,096		
В.	Receivables:						
	1. Member Contributions	\$	-	\$	-		
	2. Employer Contributions		-		103,244		
	3. State Contributions		32,866		-		
	4. Investment Income and Other Receivables		325,915		298,218		
	5. Prepaid Expenses		18,561		15,130		
	6. Total Receivables	\$	377,342	\$	416,592		
C.	Investments						
	<ol> <li>Short Term Investments</li> </ol>	\$	3,969,078	\$	4,998,185		
	2. Domestic Equities		71,316,822		64,627,389		
	<ol><li>International Equities</li></ol>		22,787,210		19,149,510		
	4. Domestic Fixed Income		35,648,700		28,508,475		
	<ol><li>International Fixed Income</li></ol>		-		-		
	6. Real Estate		18,745,623		21,306,385		
	7. Private Equity		245,751		-		
	8. Total Investments	\$	152,713,184	\$	138,589,944		
D.	Liabilities						
	<ol> <li>Benefits Payable</li> </ol>	\$	-	\$	-		
	<ol><li>Accrued Expenses and Other Payables</li></ol>		(80,303)		(431,343)		
	3. Prepaid City Contribution				-		
	4. Total Liabilities	\$	(80,303)	\$	(431,343)		
E.	Total Market Value of Assets Available for Benefits	\$	153,011,637	\$	138,792,289		
F.	Reserves		()		/·		
	<ol> <li>State Contribution Reserve</li> <li>DROP Accounts</li> </ol>	\$	(2,350,665) (27,291,946)	\$	(1,656,263) (24,470,083)		
	3. Total Reserves	\$	(29,642,611)	\$	(26,126,346)		
G.	Market Value Net of Reserves	\$	123,369,026	\$	112,665,943		
F.	Allocation of Investments						
	1. Short Term Investments		2.60%		3.61%		
	2. Domestic Equities		46.70%		46.63%		
	3. International Equities		14.92%		13.82%		
	4. Domestic Fixed Income		23.34%		20.57%		
	5. International Fixed Income		0.00%		0.00%		
	6. Real Estate		12.28%		15.37%		
	7. Private Equity		0.16%		0.00%		
	8. Total Investments		100.00%		100.00%		



# **PENSION FUND INCOME & DISBURSEMENTS**

				Septeml	ber 3	0	
		Iten	<u>1</u>	2023	2023		
A.	Mark	ket Val	ue of Assets at Beginning of Year	\$ 138,792,289	\$	164,883,145	
В.	Reve	nues a	nd Expenditures				
	1.	Cont	ributions				
		a.	Employee Contributions	\$ 1,781,527	\$	1,528,306	
		b.	Employer Contributions	5,703,846		5,545,366	
		d.	State Contributions	1,637,868		1,056,527	
		e.	Service Purchase	43,182		24,869	
		f.	Rollover to DROP	 395,544		169,316	
		g.	Total	\$ 9,561,967	\$	8,324,384	
	2.	Inves	stment Income				
		a.	Interest, Dividends, and Other Income	\$ 3,854,262	\$	3,450,700	
		b.	Net Realized Gains/(Losses)	3,823,717		856,438	
		c.	Net Unrealized Gains/(Losses)	5,875,397		(30,136,563)	
		d.	Investment Expenses	(396,769)		(443,117)	
		e.	Net Investment Income	\$ 13,156,607	\$	(26,272,542)	
	3.	Bene	fits and Refunds				
		a.	Refunds	\$ (58,282)	\$	(12,850)	
		b.	Regular Monthly Benefits	(7,029,883)		(6,765,520)	
		c.	DROP Distributions	(1,218,760)		(1,180,246)	
		d.	Ad Hoc Payments from State Reserve	-		-	
		e.	Total	\$ (8,306,925)	\$	(7,958,616)	
	4.	Adm	inistrative and Miscellaneous Expenses	\$ (192,301)	\$	(184,082)	
	5.	Trans	sfers	\$ -	\$	-	
C.	Mark	ket Val	ue of Assets at End of Year	\$ 153,011,637	\$	138,792,289	
D.	Rese	rves					
	1.	State	e Contribution Reserve	\$ (2,350,665)	\$	(1,656,263)	
	2.	DROI	P Accounts	 (27,291,946)		(24,470,083)	
	3.	Total	Reserves	\$ (29,642,611)	\$	(26,126,346)	
E.	Mark	et Val	ue Net of Reserves	\$ 123,369,026	\$	112,665,943	



# **ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS**

	Valuation Date - September 30	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
A.	Actuarial Value of Assets Beginning of Year	\$ 148,256,752	\$ 156,363,687	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
B.	Market Value End of Year	138,792,289	153,011,637	-	-	-	-
C.	Market Value Beginning of Year	164,883,145	138,792,289	-	-	-	-
D.	Non-Investment/Administrative Net Cash Flow	181,686	1,062,741	_	-	-	-
E.	Investment Income						
	E1. Actual Market Total: B-C-D	(26,272,542)	13,156,607	-	-	-	-
	E2. Assumed Rate of Return	7.15%	7.15%	-	-	-	-
	E3. Assumed Amount of Return	10,805,100	11,421,909	_	-	-	-
	E4. Amount Subject to Phase-In: E1–E3	(37,077,642)	1,734,698	-	-	-	-
F.	Phase-In Recognition of Investment Income						
	F1. Current Year: 0.2 x E4	(7,415,528)	346,940	_	-	-	-
	F2. First Prior Year	3,257,947	(7,415,528)	346,940	-	-	-
	F3. Second Prior Year	1,328,187	3,257,947	(7,415,528)	346,940	-	-
	F4. Third Prior Year	(339,497)	1,328,187	3,257,947	(7,415,528)	346,940	-
	F5. Fourth Prior Year	289,040	(339,499)	1,328,186	3,257,948	(7,415,530)	346,938
	F6. Total Phase-Ins	(2,879,851)	(2,821,953)	(2,482,455)	(3,810,640)	(7,068,590)	346,938
G.	Actuarial Value of Assets End of Year						
	G1. Preliminary Actuarial Value of Assets End of Year:	\$ 156,363,687	\$ 166,026,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	G2. Upper Corridor Limit: 120%*B	166,550,747	183,613,964	_	-	-	-
	G3. Lower Corridor Limit: 80%*B	111,033,831	122,409,310	-	-	-	-
	G4. Funding Value End of Year	156,363,687	166,026,384	_	-	-	-
	G5. Less: State Contribution Reserve	(1,656,263)	(2,350,665)	_	-	-	-
	G6. Less: DROP Account Balance	(24,470,083)	(27,291,946)	-	-	-	-
	G7. Final Funding Value End of Year	130,237,341	136,383,773	_	-	-	-
	G8. Final Market Value End of Year	112,665,943	123,369,026	-	-	-	-
Н.	Difference between Market & Actuarial Value of Assets	(17,571,398)	(13,014,747)	-	-	-	-
ı.	Actuarial Rate of Return	5.24%	5.38%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
J.	Market Value Rate of Return	-15.66%	9.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
K.	Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to Market Value	112.66%	108.51%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%



RECONCILIATION OF DROP ACCOUNTS									
Value at beginning of year	\$	24,470,083							
Adjustment to beginning of year balance	-	10,057							
Payments credited to accounts	+	1,879,386							
Rollovers into DROP	+	395,544							
Net Loan Activity	+	22,788							
Investment Earnings credited	+	1,752,962							
Withdrawals from accounts		1,218,760							
Value at end of year		27,291,946							



# **INVESTMENT RATE OF RETURN**

	Investment Rate of Return				
Year Ended	Market Value	Actuarial Value			
12/31/1982	NA %	11.9 %			
12/31/1983	15.2	13.9			
12/31/1984	11.7	11.1			
12/31/1985	23.1	18.7			
12/31/1986	11.8	13.4			
12/31/1987	5.3	10.3			
12/31/1988	10.9	9.8			
12/31/1989	15.9	14.8			
9/30/1990 (9 mos.)	(1.6)	1.4			
9/30/1991	19.6	13.1			
9/30/1992	12.7	11.2			
9/30/1993	13.1	9.7			
9/30/1994	0.2	3.1			
9/30/1995	18.8	9.3			
9/30/1996	13.1	9.8			
9/30/1997	24.5	12.6			
9/30/1998	11.4	12.4			
9/30/1999	11.8	14.1			
9/30/2000	9.4	13.3			
9/30/2001	(7.7)	8.0			
9/30/2002	(5.6)	2.3			
9/30/2003	15.3	3.5			
9/30/2004	6.4	2.2			
9/30/2005	7.9	2.5			
9/30/2006	5.2	5.3			
9/30/2007	12.3	9.3			
9/30/2008	(17.1)	3.0			
9/30/2009	(0.2)	0.9			
9/30/2010	8.5	2.5			
9/30/2011	(0.9)	0.9			
9/30/2012	17.1	2.7			
9/30/2013	13.6	8.1			
9/30/2014	10.2	8.8			
9/30/2015	0.4	7.3			
9/30/2016	11.1	9.2			
9/30/2017	13.0	9.3			
9/30/2018	8.6	8.7			
9/30/2019	5.8	7.9			
9/30/2020	12.7	9.9			
9/30/2021	18.6	11.5			
9/30/2022	(15.7)	5.2			
9/30/2023	9.3	5.4			
Average Returns: Last Five Years	5.4 %	8.0 %			
Last Ten Years All Years	7.0 % 8.3 %	8.3 % 8.3 %			





FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING INFORMATION

	FASB NO. 35 INFORMA	TION	
A.	Valuation Date	October 1, 2023	October 1, 2022
В.	Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits		
	1. Vested Benefits		
	<ul><li>a. Members Currently Receiving Payments</li><li>b. Terminated Vested Members</li><li>c. Other Members</li><li>d. Total</li></ul>	\$ 119,944,820 955,696 49,960,811 170,861,327	\$ 108,788,012 891,207 50,481,904 160,161,123
	2. Non-Vested Benefits	2,981,128	2,892,757
	3. Total Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits: 1d + 2	173,842,455	163,053,880
	4. Accumulated Contributions of Active Members	11,957,960	12,247,651
C.	Changes in the Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated Plan Benefits		
	1. Total Value at Beginning of Year	163,053,880	154,245,642
	2. Increase (Decrease) During the Period Attributable to:		
	a. Plan Amendment	0	0
	<ul><li>b. Change in Actuarial Assumptions</li><li>c. Latest Member Data, Benefits Accumulated</li></ul>	0	0
	and Decrease in the Discount Period	19,756,126	17,107,160
	d. Benefits Paid net of DROP activity	(8,967,551)	(8,298,922)
	e. Net Increase	10,788,575	8,808,238
	3. Total Value at End of Period	173,842,455	163,053,880
D.	Market Value of Assets	123,369,026	112,665,943
E.	Actuarial Assumptions - See page entitled Actuarial Assumptions and Methods		



# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GASB Statement No. 67

Fiscal year ending September 30,	2024*	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability										
Service Cost	\$ 4,737,359	\$ 4,422,986	\$ 3,942,576	\$ 3,656,658	\$ 3,593,983	\$ 3,403,511	\$ 3,717,529	\$ 3,330,443	\$ 3,204,682	\$ 2,988,536
Interest	15,199,088	14,339,515	13,674,379	13,234,970	12,281,407	11,904,771	11,208,637	10,066,945	9,542,671	8,955,215
Benefit Changes	-	(1,270,839)	-	-	616,047	(1,384,791)	-	-	-	-
Difference between actual & expected experience	2,701,811	970,022	1,322,203	(890,682)	3,514,248	(1,516,079)	1,224,054	668,799	(498,197)	708,071
Assumption Changes	-	-	3,883,409	709,591	-	-	-	6,644,861	-	1,809,581
Benefit Payments	(9,507,599)	(8,248,643)	(7,945,766)	(7,050,691)	(7,663,405)	(7,597,186)	(5,970,713)	(5,456,760)	(5,176,836)	(4,304,149)
Refunds	(52,477)	(58,282)	(12,850)	(8,017)	(84,833)	(26,917)	(105,981)	(53,290)	-	(4,622)
Other (Adjustments to Excess State Reserve)	694,402	694,402	(11,771)	(142,242)	(255,622)	(8,104)	(326,167)	(231,973)	(192,041)	259,251
Other (Rollovers into DROP)	_	395,544	169,316	168,513	327,937	379,375	323,472	70,279	271,411	139,860
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	13,772,584	11,244,705	15,021,496	9,678,100	12,329,762	5,154,580	10,070,831	15,039,304	7,151,690	10,551,743
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	212,270,134	201,025,429	186,003,933	176,325,833	163,996,071	158,841,491	148,770,660	133,731,356	126,579,666	116,027,923
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$226,042,718	\$212,270,134	\$201,025,429	\$186,003,933	\$176,325,833	\$163,996,071	\$158,841,491	\$148,770,660	\$133,731,356	\$126,579,666
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - Employer (from City)	\$ 6,221,287	\$ 5,703,846	\$ 5,545,366	\$ 5,215,363	\$ 4,734,845	\$ 5,627,597	\$ 5,444,061	\$ 4,293,563	\$ 4,195,420	\$ 3,930,996
Contributions - Employer (from State)	1,637,868	1,637,868	1,056,527	995,143	881,763	830,904	789,121	883,314	923,246	963,573
Contributions - Non-Employer Contributing Entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions - Members	1,716,501	1,824,709	1,553,175	1,489,935	1,448,783	1,524,397	1,473,516	1,477,115	1,485,128	1,251,530
Net Investment Income	11,112,657	13,156,607	(26,272,542)	26,216,184	15,834,660	6,835,550	9,221,736	12,165,106	9,197,486	282,853
Benefit Payments	(9,507,599)	(8,248,643)	(7,945,766)	(7,050,691)	(7,663,405)	(7,597,186)	(5,970,713)	(5,456,760)	(5,176,836)	(4,304,149)
Refunds	(52,477)	(58,282)	(12,850)	(8,017)	(84,833)	(26,917)	(105,981)	(53,290)	-	(4,622)
Administrative Expense	(188,192)	(192,301)	(184,082)	(186,227)	(229,164)	(184,750)	(141,569)	(151,010)	(161,122)	(132,439)
Other (Rollovers into DROP)		395,544	169,316	168,513	327,937	379,375	323,472	70,279	271,411	139,860
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	10,940,045	14,219,348	(26,090,856)	26,840,203	15,250,586	7,388,970	11,033,643	13,228,317	10,734,733	2,127,602
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	153,011,637	138,792,289	164,883,145	138,042,942	122,792,356	115,403,386	104,369,743	91,141,426	80,406,693	78,279,091
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$163,951,682	\$153,011,637	\$138,792,289	\$164,883,145	\$138,042,942	\$122,792,356	\$115,403,386	\$104,369,743	\$ 91,141,426	\$ 80,406,693
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	62,091,036	59,258,497	62,233,140	21,120,788	38,282,891	41,203,715	43,438,105	44,400,917	42,589,930	46,172,973
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of Total Pension Liability	72.53 %	72.08 %	69.04 %	88.64 %	78.29 %	74.88 %	72.65 %	70.15 %	68.15 %	63.52 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 14,304,178	\$ 13,537,228	\$ 12,735,883	\$ 12,144,750	\$ 11,666,258	\$ 12,156,508	\$ 11,133,758	\$ 11,219,225	\$ 10,906,700	\$ 9,962,067
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage										
of Covered Employee Payroll	434.08 %	437.74 %	488.64 %	173.91 %	328.15 %	338.94 %	390.15 %	395.76 %	390.49 %	463.49 %

<sup>\*</sup> These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



# SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY GASB Statement No. 67

	Total			Plan Net Position		Net Pension Liability
FY Ending	Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension	as a % of Total	Covered	as a % of
September 30,	Liability	Position	Liability	Pension Liability	Payroll	Coverd Payroll
2015	\$126,579,666	\$ 80,406,693	\$ 46,172,973	63.52%	\$ 9,962,067	463.49%
2016	133,731,356	91,141,426	42,589,930	68.15%	10,906,700	390.49%
2017	148,770,660	104,369,743	44,400,917	70.15%	11,219,225	395.76%
2018	158,841,491	115,403,386	43,438,105	72.65%	11,133,758	390.15%
2019	163,996,071	122,792,356	41,203,715	74.88%	12,156,508	338.94%
2020	176,325,833	138,042,942	38,282,891	78.29%	11,666,258	328.15%
2021	186,003,933	164,883,145	21,120,788	88.64%	12,144,750	173.91%
2022	201,025,429	138,792,289	62,233,140	69.04%	12,735,883	488.64%
2023	212,270,134	153,011,637	59,258,497	72.08%	13,537,228	437.74%
2024*	226,042,718	163,951,682	62,091,036	72.53%	14,304,178	434.08%

<sup>\*</sup> These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



# NOTES TO NET PENSION LIABILITY GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: October 1, 2023
Measurement Date: September 30, 2024

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Net Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Varies by years of service from 3.25% to 15.0% (see Table in Actuarial

Assumptions Section)

Investment Rate of Return 7.15%

Retirement Age Rates vary by age and years of service (see Table in Actuarial Assumptions

Section)

Mortality PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Employee Mortality Table

(for pre-retirement mortality) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for postretirement mortality), with separate rates for males and females and ages set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. For males, the base mortality rates for both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality are based on the Below Median Healthy tables. These are the same rates currently in use for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as mandated by Chapter 112.63,

Florida Statutes.

Other Information:

Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results on Page 1.



# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS GASB Statement No. 67

FY Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll*	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 4,635,318	\$ 4,635,318	\$ -	\$ 9,962,067	46.53%
2016	4,899,742	4,977,374	(77,632) <sup>1</sup>	10,906,700	45.64%
2017	5,075,517	5,075,517	-	11,219,225	45.24%
2018	6,157,171	6,226,015	(68,844) <sup>1</sup>	11,133,758	55.92%
2019	6,409,551	6,458,501	(48,950) <sup>1</sup>	12,156,508	53.13%
2020	5,969,275	5,616,608	352,667 <sup>2</sup>	11,666,258	48.14%
2021	6,400,723	6,210,506	190,217 <sup>3</sup>	<sup>3</sup> 12,144,750	51.14%
2022	6,607,751	6,601,893	5,858 4	12,735,883	51.84%
2023	6,647,312	6,647,312	-	13,537,228	49.10%
2024*	7,164,753	7,164,753	-	14,304,178	50.09%

<sup>\*</sup> These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Prepaid contributions (resulting from the previous years' excess contributions) were applied toward the Actuarially Determined Contributions for Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2020 and 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Deficiency in actual contribution is funded through the use of Prepaid contributions (\$172,045) plus Accumulated Excess Chapter 175 Premium Tax Revenue Reserves (\$180,622).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The Deficiency in actual contribution is funded through the use of Prepaid contributions (\$122,975) plus Accumulated Excess Chapter 175 Premium Tax Revenue Reserves (\$67,242).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The Deficiency in actual contribution is funded through the use of Accumulated Excess Chapter 175 Premium Tax Revenue Reserves.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS GASB Statement No. 67

Valuation Date: October 1, 2022

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the

October 1st which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 16 years (Single equivalent amortization period)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Varies by years of service from 3.25% to 15.0% (see Table in Actuarial

Assumptions Section)

Investment Rate of Return 7.15%

Retirement Age Rates vary by age and years of service (see Table in Actuarial

Assumptions Section)

Mortality PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Employee Mortality Table

(for pre-retirement mortality) and the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Table (for postretirement mortality), with separate rates for males and females and ages set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2010 using Scale MP-2018. For males, the base mortality rates for both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality are based on the Below Median Healthy tables. These are the same rates currently in use for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), as

mandated by Chapter 112.63, Florida Statutes.

Other Information:

Notes See Discussion of Valuation Results on Page 1 of the October 1, 2022

Actuarial Valuation Report.



# SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE GASB Statement No. 67

A single discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.15%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption\*

	Current Single Discount	
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
\$86,373,103	\$62,091,036	\$42,213,666

<sup>\*</sup> These figures are estimates only. Actual figures will be provided after the end of the fiscal year.





**MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION** 

	RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS	SHIP DATA	
		From 10/1/22 To 10/1/23	From 10/1/21 To 10/1/22
A.	Active Members		
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	117	111
2.	New Members Included in Current Valuation	24	9
3.	Non-Vested Employment Terminations	(1)	(1)
4.	Vested Employment Terminations	0	0
5.	DROP Participation	(9)	(2)
6.	Service Retirements	(1)	0
7.	Disability Retirements	0	0
8.	Deaths	0	0
9.	Transfer from General Employees	0	0
10.	Number Included in This Valuation	130	117
B.	Terminated Vested Members		
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	2	2
2.	Additions from Active Members	0	0
3.	Lump Sum Payments/Refund of Contributions	0	0
4.	Payments Commenced	0	0
5.	Deaths	0	0
6.	Other	0	0
7.	Number Included in This Valuation	2	2
c.	DROP Plan Members		
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	18	18
2.	Additions from Active Members	9	2
3.	Retirements	(4)	(2)
4.	Deaths Resulting in No Further Payments	o o	0
5.	Other (Death Resulting in Survivor Benefits)	0	0
6.	Number Included in This Valuation	23	18
D.	Service Retirees, Disability Retirees and Beneficiaries	<u> </u>	
1.	Number Included in Last Valuation	115	115
2.	Additions from Active Members	113	0
3.	Additions from Terminated Vested Members	0	0
3. 4.	Additions from DROP Plan	4	2
5.	Deaths Resulting in No Further Payments	(2)	(2)
6.	Deaths Resulting in New Survivor Benefits	0	0
7.	End of Certain Period - No Further Payments	0	0
7. 8.	Other Lump Sum Distributions	0	0
9.	Number Included in This Valuation	118	115
	Transci included in this valuation	110	113



# **ACTIVE PARTICIPANT DISTRIBUTION**

				Years	of Service t	o Valuation	Date				
Age Group	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Totals
15-19 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	
TOT PAY							0	0	0	0	0
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U
20-24 NO.	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
TOT PAY	359,239	197,109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	556,348
AVG PAY	59,873	65,703	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61,816
25-29 NO.	9	2	2	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	22
TOT PAY	538,859	132,996	119,746	329,420	157,516	176,094	123,041	0	0	0	1,577,672
AVG PAY	59,873	66,498	59,873	82,355	78,758	88,047	123,041	0	0	0	71,712
30-34 NO.	3	3	1	6	1	10	3	0	0	0	27
TOT PAY	179,620	198,039	59,873	486,671	85,198	951,822	363,966	0	0	0	2,325,189
AVG PAY	59,873	66,013	59,873	81,112	85,198	95,182	121,322	0	0	0	86,118
35-39 NO.	1	1	0	1	1	3	6	4	0	0	17
TOT PAY	59,873	57,189	0	83,437	74,045	257,721	683,631	578,542	0	0	1,794,438
AVG PAY	59,873	57,189	0	83,437	74,045	85,907	113,939	144,636	0	0	105,555
40-44 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	21	1	0	32
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	406,151	743,889	2,983,438	140,740	0	4,274,218
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	101,538	123,982	142,068	140,740	0	133,569
45-49 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	10	0	0	15
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	210,590	369,113	1,462,011	0	0	2,041,714
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	105,295	123,038	146,201	0	0	136,114
50-54 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	6
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	134,392	671,748	0	0	806,140
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	134,392	134,350	0	0	134,357
55-59 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	159,606	0	0	159,606
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	159,606	0	0	159,606
60-64 NO.	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOT PAY	0	0	0	181,278	0	0	0	0	0	0	181,278
AVG PAY	0	0	0	181,278	0	0	0	0	0	0	181,278
65-99 NO.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOT PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AVG PAY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOT NO.	19	9	3	12	4	21	20	41	1	0	130
TOT AMT	1,137,591	585,333		1,080,806	316,759	2,002,378	2,418,032	5,855,345	140,740	0	13,716,603
AVG AMT	59,873	65,037	59,873	90,067	79,190	95,351	120,902	142,813	140,740	0	



# **INACTIVE PARTICIPANT DISTRIBUTION**

	Terminated Vested  Total		<b>Disabled</b> Total		Retired Total		Deceased with Beneficiary Total	
Age	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits
Under 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-24	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
25-29	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
30-34	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
35-39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40-44	2	77,127	1	53,975	1	95,141	-	-
45-49	-	-	1	46,961	12	957,638	1	78,035
50-54	-	-	1	47,281	21	1,728,699	-	-
55-59	-	-	1	48,955	24	1,941,888	-	-
60-64	-	-	-	-	16	1,346,564	2	87,659
65-69	-	-	-	-	21	867,071	1	34,603
70-74	-	-	-	-	25	1,463,553	1	36,564
75-79	-	-	-	-	4	183,835	1	29,551
80-84	-	-	-	-	3	115,133	2	44,904
85-89	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	21,468
90-94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
95-99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100 & Over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2	77,127	4	197,172	127	8,699,522	10	332,784
Average Age		44		51		62		73
Liability		955,696		3,019,361		113,465,069		3,460,390





**SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS** 

## **SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

#### A. Ordinances

Plan established under the Code of Ordinances for the City of Boynton Beach, Florida, Chapter 18, Article IV, and was most recently amended under Ordinance No. 22-016 passed and adopted on its second reading on July 5, 2022. The Plan is also governed by certain provisions of Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes and the Internal Revenue Code.

#### B. Effective Date

Date was not provided.

#### C. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30

### D. Type of Plan

Qualified, governmental defined benefit retirement plan; for GASB purposes it is a single employer plan.

### E. Eligibility Requirements

All full-time firefighters are eligible to participate. Members hired before February 5, 2019 are classified as "Tier 1 members" and members hired on or after February 5, 2019 are classified as "Tier 2 members."

#### F. Credited Service

Service is measured as the total length of employment for which the firefighter received Compensation from the City and made Member Contributions to the plan. No service is credited for any periods of employment for which the member received a refund of their contributions.

#### G. Compensation

Cash compensation exclusive of bonuses and incentive pay, but including overtime earnings not to exceed 300 hours and lump sum payment of accumulated unused sick and vacation hours, but not to exceed the number of accumulated sick and vacation hours as of September 27, 2013.

### H. Final Average Compensation (FAC)

The average of Compensation over the highest 3 years during the last 10 years of Credited Service.



#### I. Normal Retirement

Eligibility: A member may retire on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the

earlier of:

<u>Tier 1:</u>

(1) age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service, or

(2) 20 years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Tier 2:

(1) age 55 and 10 years of Credited Service, or

(2) 25 years of Credited Service regardless of age.

Benefit: 3.00% of FAC multiplied by years of Credited Service.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the normal retirement benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year. This maximum benefit cap will be increased annually beginning on October 1, 2020 (and on each October 1<sup>st</sup> thereafter) by 1.5%. As of October 1, 2023, the maximum benefit cap is \$100,830 per year. In accordance with Chapter 175 minimum benefit provisions, in no event will a Firefighter's retirement

benefit be less than 2.75% of FAC multiplied by years of Credited Service.

**Normal Form** 

of Benefit: 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: See Section V. – Cost of Living Increases.

J. Early Retirement

Eligibility: A member may elect to retire earlier than the Normal Retirement Eligibility upon

attainment of age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit: The Normal Retirement Benefit is reduced by 3.0% for each year by which the Early

Retirement date precedes the Normal Retirement date.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the early retirement benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year (\$100,830 per year as of October 1, 2023), applied to the normal retirement benefit before reflecting any reductions for early retirement.

Normal Form

of Benefit: 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: Each early retiree who retires on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase

in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.



#### K. Delayed Retirement

Same as Normal Retirement taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of actual retirement.

#### L. Service Connected Disability

Eligibility: Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of an act

occurring in the performance of service for the City is immediately eligible for a disability

benefit.

Benefit: 66 2/3% of Compensation in effect on the date of disability, reduced by amounts payable

under Social Security PIA with a minimum benefit equal to 42% of FAC.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the disability benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year. As of October 1, 2023, the maximum benefit cap is

\$100,830 per year.

**Normal Form** 

of Benefit: Payable until death or recovery from disability; other options are also available.

COLA: Each disability retiree who retires on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0%

increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.

#### M. Non-Service Connected Disability

Eligibility: Any member with 10 years of Credited Service who becomes totally and permanently

disabled is immediately eligible for a disability benefit.

Benefit: 2.5% of FAC multiplied by years of Credited Service with a minimum benefit equal to 25%

of FAC.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the disability benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year. As of October 1, 2023, the maximum benefit cap is

\$100,830 per year.

**Normal Form** 

of Benefit: Payable until death or recovery from disability; other options are also available.

COLA: Each disability retiree who retires on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0%

increase in benefits on October 1st of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.



#### N. Death in the Line of Duty

Eligibility: Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 10 or more years of

Credited Service.

Benefit: Spouse will receive 3.0% of the member's FAC multiplied by years of Credited Service.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the death benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year. As of October 1, 2023, the maximum benefit cap is

\$100,830 per year.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Paid for the life of the spouse with 10 years certain.

COLA: Each surviving spouse whose benefits began on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a

2.0% increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning 5 years after benefits

began.

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 10 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

#### O. Other Pre-Retirement Death

Eligibility: Members are eligible for survivor benefits after the completion of 10 or more years of

Credited Service.

Benefit: Spouse will receive 3.0% of the member's FAC multiplied by years of Credited Service.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the death benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year. As of October 1, 2023, the maximum benefit cap is

\$100,830 per year.

Normal Form

of Benefit: Paid for the life of the spouse with 10 years certain.

COLA: Each surviving spouse whose benefits began on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a

2.0% increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning 5 years after benefits

began.

The beneficiary of a plan member with less than 10 years of Credited Service at the time of death will receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.



#### P. Post Retirement Death

Benefit determined by the form of benefit elected upon retirement.

#### Q. Optional Forms

In lieu of electing the Normal Form of benefit, the optional forms of benefits available to all retirees are a Single Life Annuity or the 50%, 66 2/3%, 75% and 100% Joint and Survivor options. A Social Security option is also available for members retiring prior to the time they are eligible for Social Security retirement benefits.

#### R. Vested Termination

Eligibility: A member has earned a non-forfeitable right to Plan benefits after the completion of 10

years of Credited Service.

Benefit: The benefit is the member's accrued Normal Retirement Benefit as of the date of

termination. For Tier 1 members, benefit begins on the date that would have been the member's Normal Retirement date had they continued employment. For Tier 2 members, benefit begins at age 55. Alternatively, members can elect a reduced Early

Retirement benefit any time after age 50.

Effective October 1, 2018, for all Firefighters who are not eligible for Normal Retirement as of October 1, 2018 the deferred vested retirement benefit shall be limited to a maximum benefit cap, initially set at \$95,000 per year (\$100,830 per year as of October 1, 2023), applied to the normal retirement benefit before reflecting any reductions for

early retirement.

**Normal Form** 

of Benefit: 10 Years Certain and Life thereafter; other options are also available.

COLA: Each member who retires on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase in

benefits on October 1st of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.

Members terminating employment with less than 10 years of Credited Service will receive a refund of their own accumulated contributions.

### S. Refunds

Eligibility: All members terminating employment with less than 10 years of Credited Service are

eligible. Optionally, vested members (those with 10 or more years of Credited Service)

may elect a refund in lieu of the vested benefits otherwise due.

Benefit: Refund of the member's contributions.



#### T. Member Contributions

12% of Compensation.

Effective October 1, 2023, DROP participants electing to remain in DROP longer than five years shall resume making employee "pick-up" contributions during years 6 through 8 at a rate of 6% of Compensation, with 5% of Compensation allocated towards funding the COLA and the remaining 1% applied toward the unfunded liabilities in the Pension Trust Fund.

### **U.** Employer Contributions

Chapter 175 Premium Tax Refunds and any additional amount determined by the actuary needed to fund the plan properly according to State laws.

#### V. Cost of Living Increases

Each retiree, beneficiary and disability retiree who retires or enters the DROP on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.

Effective October 1, 2023, each retiree who enters the DROP on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase in benefits on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each year beginning at the later of (i) 5 years after retirement, or (ii) the date of separation from service (for DROP participants who elect to extend their DROP participation period longer than five years).

#### W. 13<sup>th</sup> Check

In years in which a cumulative net actuarial gain has been determined, there shall be payable an ad-hoc thirteenth check paid in December.

#### X. Deferred Retirement Option Plan

Eligibility: Plan members who have less than 30 years of Credited Service (33 years of Credited

Service effective October 1, 2023) but have met one of the following criteria are eligible

for the DROP:

(1) age 55 with 10 years of Credited Service, or

(2) 20 years of Credited Service (25 years for Tier 2 members) regardless of age.

Members who meet eligibility must submit a written election to participate in the DROP.

Benefit: The member's Credited Service and FAC are frozen upon entry into the DROP. The

monthly retirement benefit as described under Normal Retirement is calculated based

upon the frozen Credited Service and FAC.



Maximum

DROP Period: The earlier of 5 years of participation in the DROP or 30 years of employment.

Effective October 1, 2023, the maximum period of DROP participation is the earlier of 8 years of participation in the DROP or 33 years of employment.

Interest

Credited:

For pension deposits into the DROP during years one through five, the member's DROP account is credited at an interest rate based upon the option chosen by the member. Members must elect from 1 of the 3 following options:

- 1. Gain or loss at the same rate earned by the Plan, or
- 2. Guaranteed rate of 7%, or
- 3. The rate earned by a self-directed account utilizing mutual funds selected by the Board.

Effective October 1, 2023, for DROP participants electing to remain in the DROP longer than five years, pension deposits into the DROP during years 6 through 8 are credited at the same rate earned by the Plan, no less than 0% and no more than 8%.

**Normal Form** 

of Benefit:

Options include a lump sum or equal periodic payments.

COLA:

Each member who enters the DROP on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase in benefits on October 1st of each year beginning 5 years after retirement.

Effective October 1, 2023, each member who enters the DROP on or after December 1, 2006 will receive a 2.0% increase in benefits on October  $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$  of each year beginning at the later of (i) 5 years after retirement, or (ii) the date of separation from service (for DROP participants who elect to extend their DROP participation period longer than five years).

#### Y. Other Ancillary Benefits

There are no ancillary retirement type benefits not required by statutes but which might be deemed a City of Boynton Beach Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund liability if continued beyond the availability of funding by the current funding source.

#### Z. Changes from Previous Valuation

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

